§7. Secondary Electron Emission from SrCeO<sub>3</sub>(5% Yb) Thin Film on Si

Matsunami, N. Kondoh, J. (Dept. Energy Eng. and Sci. Nagoya Univ.), Hosaka, K., Tawara, H.

We have measured the secondary electron emission (SEE) yield  $\gamma_e$  from an epitaxial thin film(~100 nm) of 5% Yb doped SrCeO<sub>3</sub> (SCO) on Si by ion impact, using a cylindrical cup with a shield surrounding the cup. Positive bias was applied to the cup, and the sample and the shield were grounded.

For impact of 100 keV  $H^+$  ion, whose calculated projected range (570 nm) is much longer than the film thickness,  $\gamma_e$ is found to be nearly constant over a wide range of the ion beam current  $(I_B)$ up to a few nA and starts to decrease for larger  $I_B$  as shown in Fig. 1. A peculiar or explosive increase of  $\gamma_e$  was often observed for large IB. Excluding the peculiar behavior, the IB dependence of  $\gamma_{e}$  is similar to that for high Tc superconductor oxides such as polycrystalline (p-) YBa<sub>2</sub>Cu<sub>3</sub>O<sub>7</sub> [1] but is guite different from the strong I<sub>B</sub> dependent  $\gamma_e$  observed for p-SCO [2]. I<sub>B</sub> independence of  $\gamma_e$ indicates zero surface potential and no charge accumulation at both the surface and the SCO-Si interface. If this is the case,  $\gamma_e$  should reach a constant with increasing the cup bias voltage. However, no saturation of  $\gamma_e$  at IB independent region, e.g.,  $I_B = 0.1 nA$ , was seen with increasing the cup bias voltage up to 90 V, implying non-zero surface potential.

For impact of 20 keV Ar<sup>+</sup> ion, whose calculated projected range (16 nm) is much shorter than the film thickness,  $\gamma_e$ is found to decrease with I<sub>B</sub> (Fig. 2). A possible explanation is that the surface potential exceeds the cup bias voltage due to charge accumulation carried by  $Ar^+$  and holes generated by SEE, resulting in the reduction of  $\gamma_e$ .

Negative and positive ion emissions are under investigation. We would like to thank Prof. M. Ishigame and Dr. N. Sata for supplying SCO films and for their helpful discussions.



Fig. 1 SEE yield ( $\gamma_e$ ) from SCO on Si by 100 keV H<sup>+</sup> ion impact at the cup bias of 0, +45 and +90 V.



Fig. 2 SEE yield from SCO on Si by 20 keV Ar<sup>+</sup> ion impact at the cup bias of 0 to 180 V.

## References

 N. Matsunami, S. Majima and T. Kawamura, Nucl. Instrum. Meth. B135(1998)450.
K. Hosaka, N. Matsunami and H. Tawara, Nucl. Instrum. Meth. B149 (1999)414.